



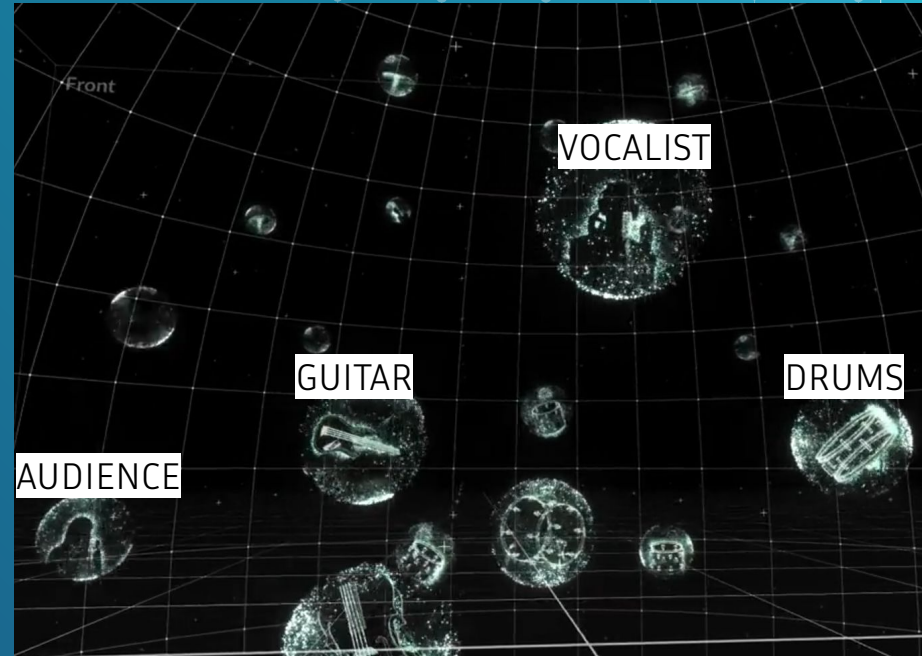
Spatial Audio Demo

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Inspiration: Spatial Audio Applications

- ◇ In Music
 - ◆ Sony 360 Reality Audio: **“the future of music”**
 - ◆ AirPods pros newest update
- ◇ In Gaming
 - ◆ Playstation 5: 3D Soundscapes for most realistic video game experience yet



Sony's animation of their 360 Reality Audio experience

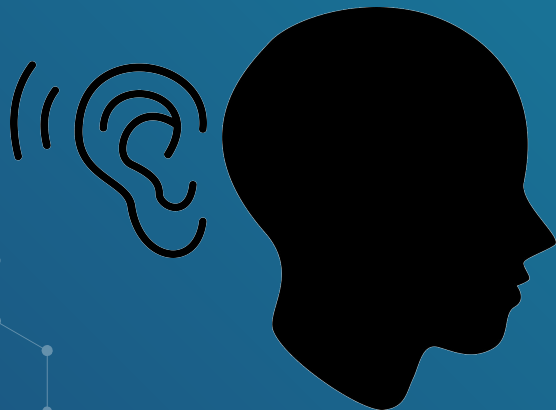
How it Works: HRTF

The Head Related Transfer Function: describes how a sound wave changes from its source to the inner ear

Sound leaves source

Sound wave is reflected/
refracted by anatomy of
individual

Unique signal for unique angle of
sound source, brain uses these
cues for sound localization in 3D



Structure: Educational Module

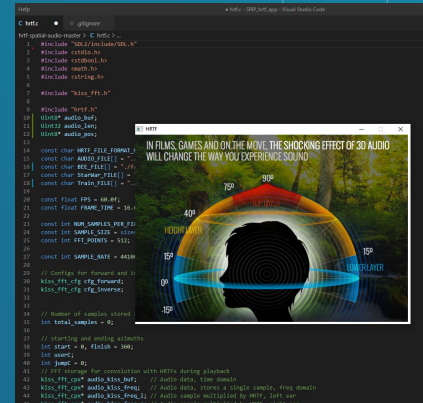
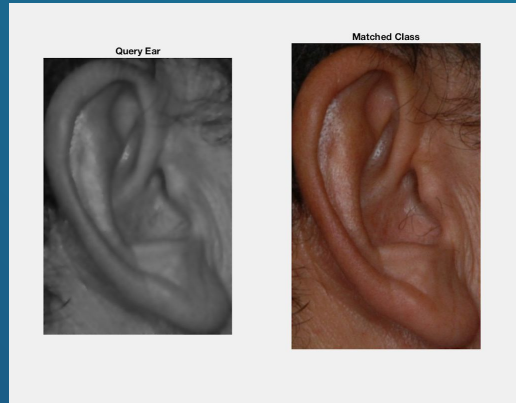
- Purpose: create an educational tool for students to
 - experiment with spatial audio personalized to their anthropometric features
 - understand the math/ECE concepts behind the process

User inputs
image of ear

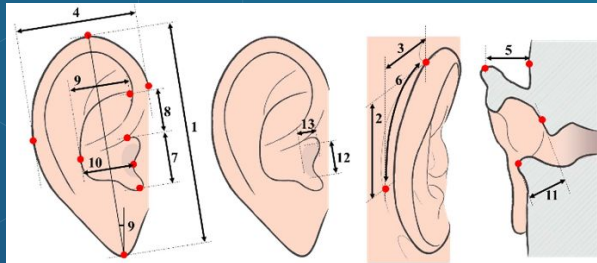
Ear/HRTF match identified
(Matlab)

Personalized spatial
audio is rendered

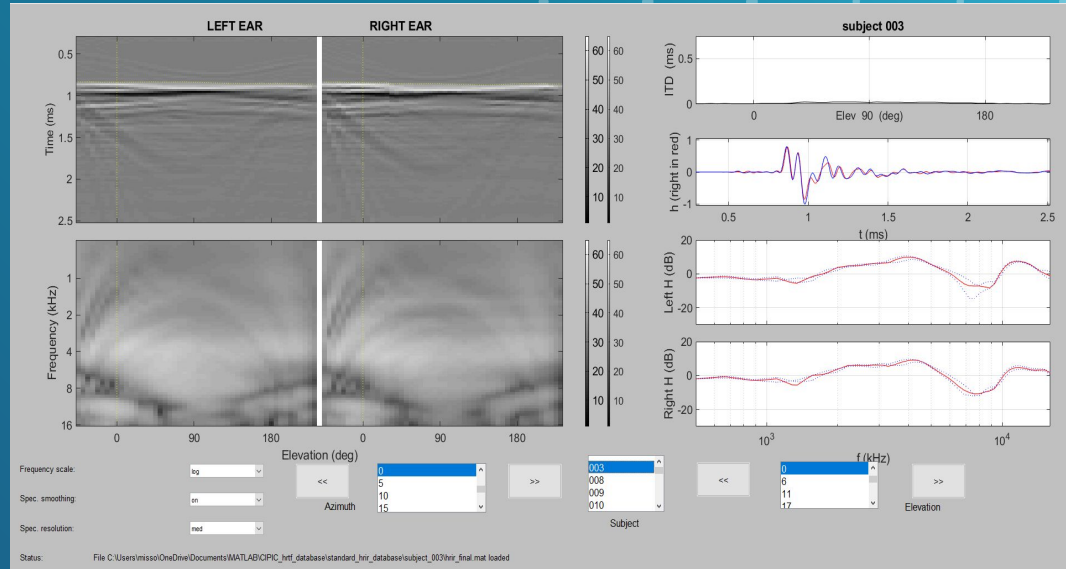
Still in
progress!



Why Ear Matching?



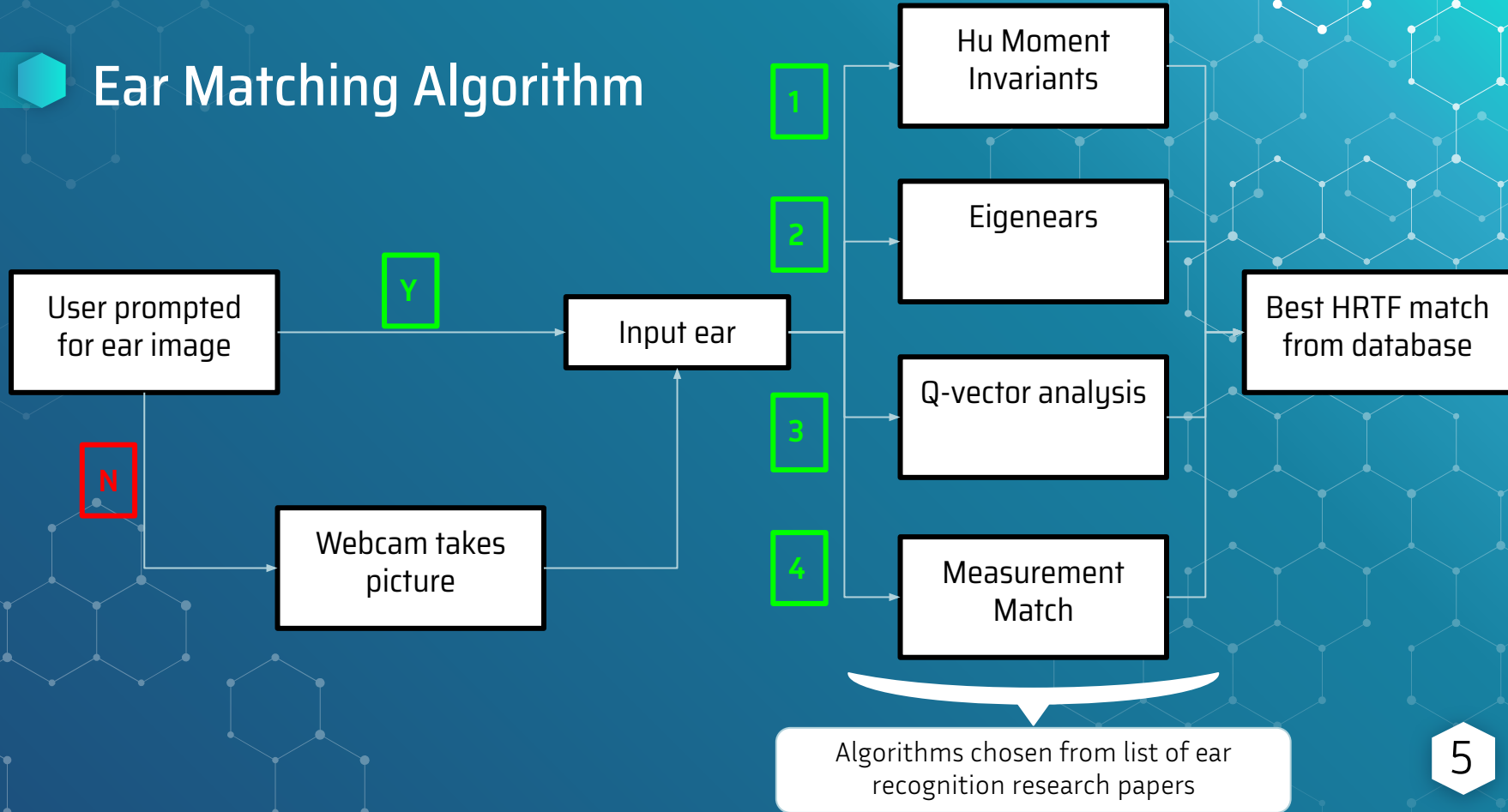
Category	No	Ear dimensions
Ear dimensions	Length 1	ear length
	Length 2	otobasion superius to otobasion posterius horizontal length [†]
	Length 3	otobasion superius to otobasion posterius vertical length [†]
	Width 4	ear breadth
	Width 5	ear protrusion
	Arc 6	upper otobasion arc [†]
Concha dimensions	Length 7	cavum concha length
	Length 8	superior cavum concha to anterior cymba concha length [†]
	Length 9	posterior concha to anterior cymba concha length [†]
	Width 10	cavum concha width
Ear canal dimensions	Depth 11	cavum concha depth
	Length 12	ear canal length [†]
	Width 13	ear canal width [†]



- Measuring process can be complex
- Computing HRTF from measurements is difficult and time-consuming

SOLUTION: identifying a “best match” from measured HRTFs
CIPIC database provides ear measurements and HRTFs [1]

Ear Matching Algorithm



Matching: Hu Moment Invariants[2]

Image Moments: weighted average of pixel intensities

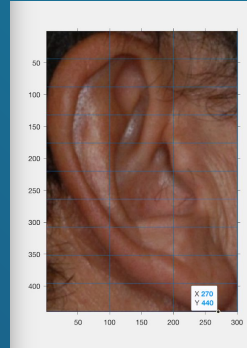
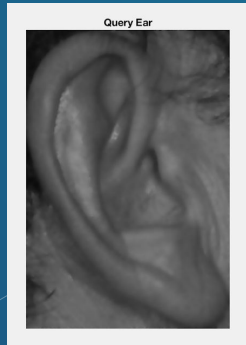
Image Acquired

Normalization
Filter Applied

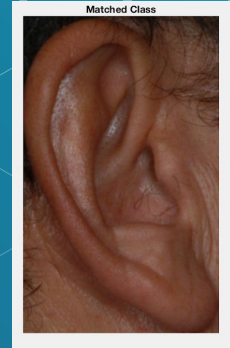
Image
Segmented

Moment Features
Extracted

Best HRTF match
identified



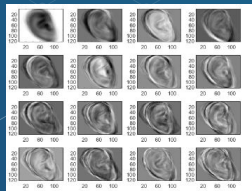
$h[0] = 0.00162663$
 $h[1] = 0.00834555$



Matching: Eigenears[3]

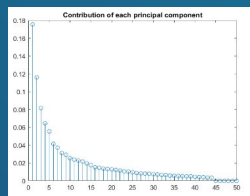


Database of ear images



Create a set of Eigenears using PCA

Take the first k eigenears with most contribution



Input image

Calculate weight vectors

Take closest database ear

Target Image



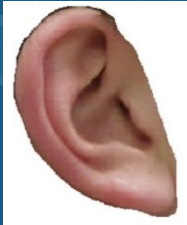
Closest Match



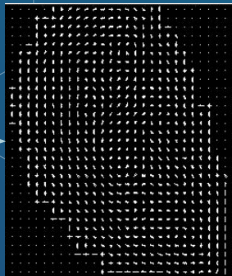
Matching: Q-Vector Analysis[4]

HOG (*Histogram of Oriented Gradient*) is a process that defines the curvature and the depths of the ears according to its shape

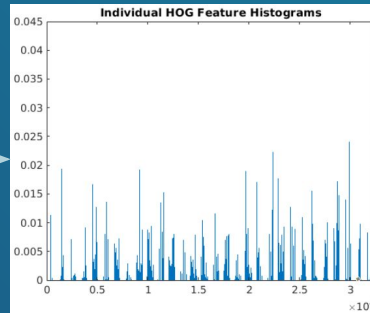
Original Image



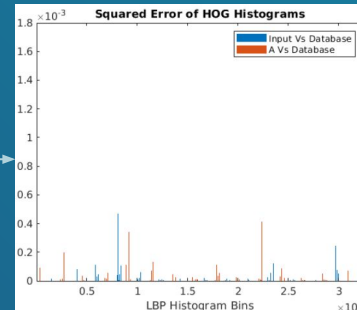
HOG Features



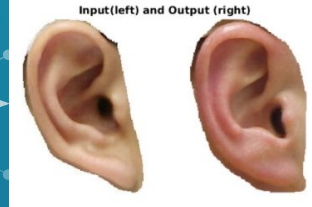
Gather the features into histogram



Comparing the features & pick the better match



Repeating the previous step through database



Best Matching as output

Matching: Measurement[5]

User measures their ear for d1 -d8

User inputs specified ear measurements

Closest database match found

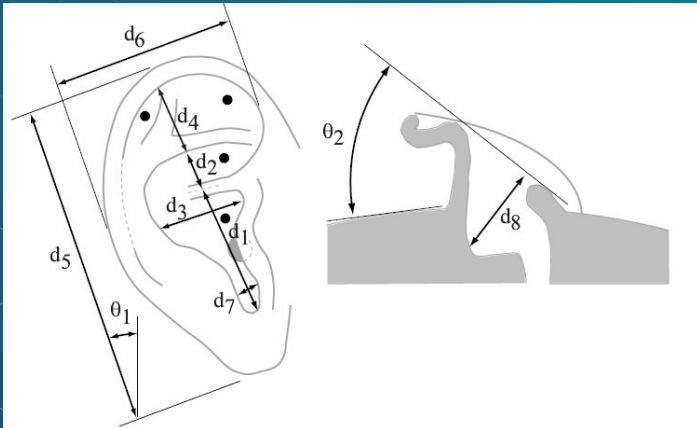


Figure 2: Pinna measurements

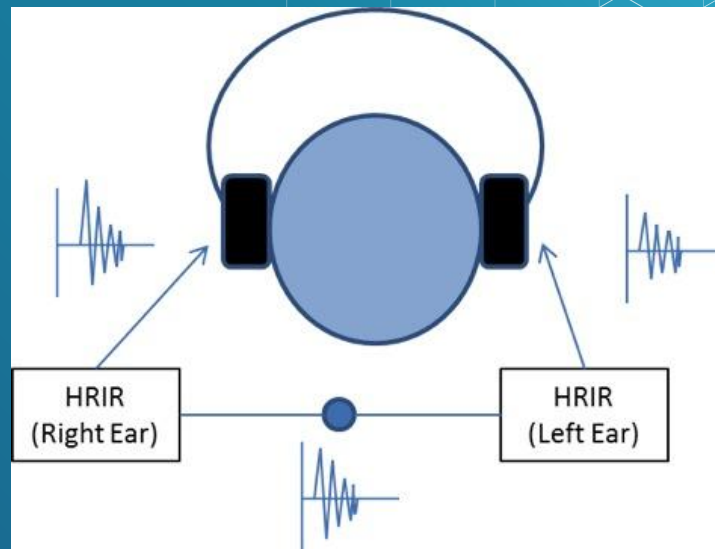
Ear measurements

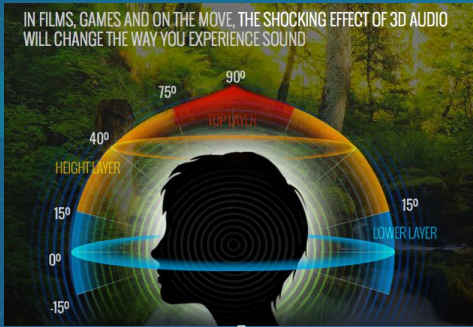
d1, cavum concha height	1.8586
d2, cymba concha height	0.6892
d3, cavum concha width	1.5484
d4, fossa height	1.5011
d5, pinna height	6.3946
d6, pinna width	2.8862
d7, intertragal incisure width	0.5513
d8, cavum concha depth	0.9525

OK Cancel

Audio Rendering: Our Application

- ◇ 2-channel
- ◇ KISSFFT for FFT computation
- ◇ SDL2 for
 - ◆ GUI design
 - ◆ Audio output





Choose the audio you want to hear:

- 0 for beep
- 1 for Star War
- 2 for train sound
- 3 for bee

Menu:

- Press 1 to choose path
- Press 2 to choose audio
- Press 3 to choose speed

DEMO

Press 0 to choose standard path

Press 1 to choose customized path

Press enter to input customized azimuth

Choose Speed Level:

Default - 5 degree increment

- 1 - 10 degree increment
- 2 - 20 degree increment
- 3 - 30 degree increment
- 4 - 40 degree increment

Enter 3 digits to use as starting azimuth

Press enter to store starting azimuth

Enter 3 digits to use as ending azimuth

Press escape to store ending azimuth and return to menu



Plan moving forward

- ◇ Finish Audio Rendering
- ◇ Test Audio Localization Improvement
- ◇ Build Educational Side of Module
- ◇ Implement as Workshop

Thanks for Listening!

Special thanks to Professor Nguyen for advising us
and for the SRIP program for supporting us!





Sources

1. [CIPIC](#)
2. [Hu Moment Paper](#)
3. [Eigenears](#)
4. [Q-vector Analysis Paper](#)
5. [Measurement Match Paper](#)
6. [Original Github Program](#)